

AHRQ Quality Indicator Software Version 4.1 - Overview

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January 12 and 14, 2010 1:00 to 3:00 pm ET Toll Free: 1-877-939-8827; passcode: AHRQ QI





 Preliminary schedule of Version 4.1 webinars (10 minutes)

 Overview of changes from Version 3.2 to Version 4.1 (40 minutes)

 Draft list of topics planned for future webinars (10 minutes)

Discussion (30 minutes)



Preliminary Schedule

Version 4.1 - Overview - January 12, 2010, 1 to 3pm ET - January 14, 2010, 1 to 3pm ET Version 4.1 – Additional Detail (tentative) - January 25, 2010, 2 to 4pm ET - January 27, 2010, 2 to 4pm ET Version 4.1 – Selected Topics To be announced Approximately one webinar per month Recorded and posted on the AHRQ QI web site



Context of Changes

- Fiscal year coding updates
- External input
 - Literature review
 - Expert panels
 - User input
- New data elements
 - Present on admission (POA)
 - Point of origin
- Expanded uses
 - NQF endorsement
 - CMS Hospital Compare



FY2009 coding update

- The numerator and denominator specifications have been updated
- Incorporate the FY2009 ICD-9-CM and DRG coding updates (effective October 1, 2008)
- In particular, there is:
 - New staging coding (I-IV) for pressure ulcers (formerly called decubitus ulcer)
 - New coding for the central venous catheter-related bloodstream infections measure (formerly selected infections due to medical care)



Specification changes

- Several specification changes were implemented that were recommended by expert panels, user queries or published literature
- These include changes to:
 - esophageal resection volume and mortality
 - hip replacement mortality
 - hip fracture mortality
 - incidental appendectomy
 - bilateral catheterization
 - hypertension admission rate
 - CHF admission rate
 - bacterial pneumonia admission rate



Specification changes (continued)

- These include changes to:
 - pressure ulcers
 - iatrogenic pneumothorax
 - postoperative hip fracture
 - postoperative physiologic and metabolic derangements
 - postoperative respiratory failure
 - postoperative sepsis
 - OB trauma (instrument and non-instrument assisted)
 - Birth trauma injury to neonate



Implement UB-04

- The Uniform Bill (UB-04) changes that went into effect on October 1, 2007 were fully implemented

Includes two new data elements:

- Present on admission
 - A data element for every secondary diagnosis code
- Point of origin
 - Replacing Admission source



MS-DRG specification changes

- MS-DRG (version 25) was adopted October 1, 2007
- Several of the numerator, denominator and risk category definitions were redeveloped to be based on ICD-9-CM codes rather than CMS DRG codes (version 24)
- These included code based definitions for:
 - cardiac surgery, cardiac arrhythmia and abdominal surgery
- Other denominator definitions were redefined to MS-DRGs:

craniotomy mortality, medical and surgical



Implement the NQF endorsed composites

- The software includes the recently endorsed composite measures
- The composites are:
 - Mortality for Selected Conditions
 - Patient Safety for Selected Indicators
 - Pediatric Patient Safety for Selected Indicators
- Composites use "NQF weights"
 - Limited to those component indicators that were either NQF endorsed or determined to have met the criteria for NQF endorsement



Neonatal indicators

- Two new neonatal indicators:
 - neonatal mortality
 - blood stream infections in neonates
- The two new measures were grouped with existing indicator iatrogenic pneumothorax in neonates to form the:
 - "Neonatal Quality Indicators"
- Definition of "neonatal"



Update benchmarking data to 2007

 Prior releases used a three-year pooled State Inpatient Databases (SID) for computing the national benchmarks

The rationale was to balance the currency of the data and the stability of the trends

- This release uses data from the 2007 SID for computation of benchmarks
 - Pace of change in coding and data is accelerating
 - Will continue through the adoption of POA, implementation of ICD-10-CM in 2013 and other changes



Removal of indicators

- Two indicators were removed from the Patient Safety Indicators module
 - PSI 1 complications of anesthesia
 - PSI 20 obstetric trauma cesarean delivery
- Rationale for removal
 - Presented validity and coding issues
 - Deemed by AHRQ to be unsuitable for comparative reporting
 - Continue to be available as 'experimental' indicators



- Improvements in the accuracy and precision of the estimation methods
 - General Estimating Equations (GEE)
 - Otherwise high quality hospitals with a more severe casemix of patients do not look as good as they should
 - Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)
 - Allows us to differentiate the "true" impact of patient factors (e.g. erroneously give too much credit for bad outcomes for patients with rare co-morbidities)
 - Also allows us to predict the impact of missing data elements like POA



Present on Admission (POA) methodology

- No longer separate models with and without POA data for the provider-level IQIs, PSIs and PDIs
- For users without POA data, the model incorporates the likelihood that the numerator event or the co-morbidity was present on admission
- For users with POA data, the model is based on the available data element



- Measure software code moved to other SAS modules
 - All provider-level and area-level indicators based on pediatric discharges in a single module (PDI)
 - PSI 17 birth trauma Injury to neonate
 - PQI 9 low birth weight
 - However, the technical specification is included with the original module for these two measures:
 - PSI 17 remains with the other PSI indicators and continues to be referenced as PSI 17
 - PQI 9 remains with the other PQI indicators and continues to be referenced as PQI 9
 - PDI 4 (iatrogenic pneumothorax, neonate) has been renamed to NQI 1



Removal of risk adjustment

- Risk adjustment has been removed from the following process measures:
 - IQI 21 cesarean section delivery
 - IQI 22 vaginal birth after cesarean, uncomplicated
 - IQI 23 laparoscopic cholecystectomy
 - IQI 24 incidental appendectomy in the elderly
 - IQI 25 bi-lateral cardiac catheterization
 - IQI 33 primary cesarean delivery
 - IQI 34 vaginal birth after cesarean, all
- Rational is that, in general, process measures are not risk-adjusted



Removal of risk adjustment (continued)

- Risk adjustment has also been removed from the following outcome measures:
 - PSI 18 OB trauma vaginal w/ instrument
 - PSI 19 OB trauma vaginal w/o instrument
- Rational is that there are not materially important risk factors available in the state inpatient discharge data



Version 4.1 – Additional Detail: Tentatively Jan 25 and 27

Draft list of topics

- Tracking the indicators
 - What indicators were added, deleted, re-named, moved, or materially refined

Incorporating new data elements

- POA and point of origin
- Incorporating new codes
 - ICD-9-CM and MS-DRG
 - Special emphasis: pressure ulcers and central venous catheter-related bloodstream infections
- Incorporating new data
 - Using a one-year reference population
 - Applying the software using more recent data



Version 4.1 – Selected Topics: Approximately monthly webinars

Draft list of topics

- Provider level risk-adjustment model
 - Incorporating POA into the outcome of interest and comorbidities
 - What the model does when POA is not available
 - Accounting for bias and uncertainty
- Using the AHRQ QI composites
- Using the area-level AHRQ QIs
- Update: NQF and CMS
- Planned future development
- Other ideas? At this time (next slide), or via email:
 - support@qualityindicators.ahrq.gov



Discussion

Your feedback, e.g.:

- Other topics for late January webinars?
- Prioritization or other areas to cover over the next year's webinars?

Your questions:

- Questions about anything you heard today?
- Question or comment verbally

Question or comment by text
 If we cannot get to your question today, we will draft a response and post it on the AHRQ QI website



AHRQ QIs

Web site: <u>http://qualityindicators.ahrq.gov/</u>

 AHRQ QI documentation and software are available at the AHRQ QI web site

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